

Carsten Knoll, Robert Heedt

Faculty of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Institute of Control Theory

# **“Automatic Control Knowledge Repository” – A Computational Approach for Simpler and More Robust Reproducibility of Results in Control Theory**

ICSTCC, Sinaia, Romania (remote participation), 2020-10-08

## Motivation

# Reproduction of Scientific Results (1)

- Scientific communication: traditionally based on natural language (+ mathematics + diagrams)
- Growing importance of computational methods
  - Simulations
  - Numerical linear algebra
  - Symbolic calculations with CAS

Proceedings in Applied Mathematics and Mechanics, 6/10/2020

### Trajectory Planning for Closed Kinematic Chains Applied to Cooperative Motions in Health Care

Carsten Knoll<sup>1,\*</sup>, Xuehua Jia<sup>1</sup>, and Robert Heedt<sup>1</sup>

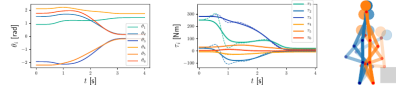
<sup>1</sup> Institut für Regelungs- und Steuerungstheorie, Fakultät Elektrotechnik und Informationstechnik, Technische Universität Dresden, 01062 Dresden

Physical interaction of humans can be a challenging. For some practically relevant situations a reasonable model is given by a closed kinematic chain of a planar rigid body mechanism. From a control perspective a cooperative motion, e.g. assisted standing-up, can be seen as an optimal control problem (OCP) with input and state restrictions. Due to the algebraic constraints and the comparably high number of joints involved, proper formulation of such a problem is not trivial. In this contribution we compare two different modeling approaches: discretization of the full dynamical problem and iterative solution of consecutive stationary problems. The latter turns out to be significantly faster while still providing – in some sense – optimal solutions.

Copyright line will be provided by the publisher

#### 1 Introduction: Modelling of Cooperative Standing-Up Motion

Motivated e.g. by [1] and references therein we consider the basic mechanical aspects of cooperative standing-up motion, which takes place e.g. in geriatric care. The goal of this contribution is not to provide realistic numbers but rather a methodology to simplify further research. Following [1] we model each of the two persons (care giver and receiver) as chains of  $n_L = 3$  links (rigid bodies) connected by  $n_J$  actuated revolute joints and assume that both chains are fixed to the same basis (i.e. the ground) and the motion is entirely planar. We further assume that the torque which can be applied to each joint is bounded. The connection of the two kinematic chains (i.e. persons) is also modeled as an (unactuated) revolute joint. The resulting mechanism thus has  $n_L = 6$  links and  $n_J = 2n_L + 1 = 7$  joints. We denote the configuration coordinates (actuated joint angles) with  $(\theta_1, \dots, \theta_{2n_L})^T := \theta$  and the respective torques with  $(\tau_1, \dots, \tau_{2n_L})^T := \tau$ . The degree of freedom of this single closed loop is  $F = n_J - 3 = 4$ , cf. [2, Section 1.2.1]. The closing condition of the loop – enforcing that both independent link sequences have the connection joint as common point – introduces a constraint expressible as two scalar algebraic equations.



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- Scientific communication: traditionally based on natural language (+ mathematics + diagrams)
- Growing importance of computational methods
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- Understanding and reproduction depends on access to these methods (sources and executables)

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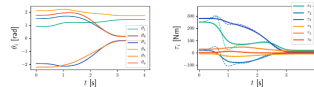
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## IS THERE A REPRODUCIBILITY CRISIS?



©nature

```
C:\lab>
```

```
f77 -o
```

```
data.exe
```

```
>
```

```
>
```

```
...ERROR...
```

```
...why scientific programming does not  
compute
```

```
>
```

BY ZEEYA MERALI

# Outline

## ✓ **Motivation: Reproducibility Challenge**

- ☐ Existing Approaches
- ☐ Our Approach
- ☐ Implementation Status & Demo
- ☐ Conclusion & Outlook

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# Collaboration via Distributed Version Control Systems

- DVCS: Keeping track of changes  
(Who? When? What?)

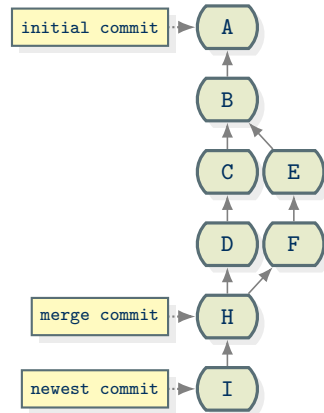


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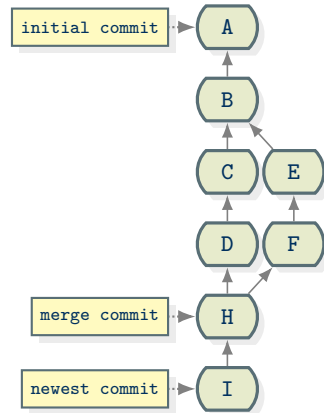
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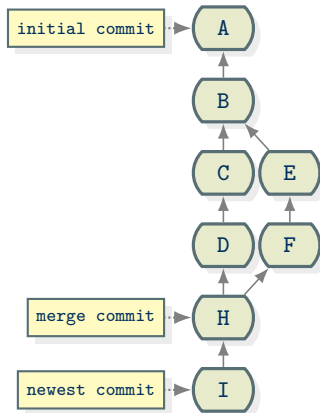
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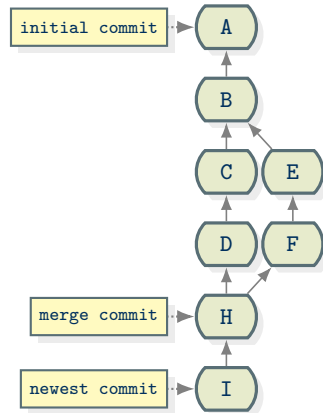
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- Mechanisms to resolve merge conflicts
- ∃ platforms for public repository-hosting  
(github, gitlab, codeberg, ... )



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```
VAPU0 ackrep_data_for_unittests/problem_specifications/acrobot_swing
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HPICZ ackrep_data_for_unittests/problem_solutions/acrobot_swingup_wi
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UKJZI ackrep_data_for_unittests/problem_solutions/double_integrator_
ansition_with_pytrajectory
JUNSG ackrep_data_for_unittests/problem_solutions/simple_addition
Added 9 new entities to DB
Create internal links between entities (only for consistency checkin
...
=====
1) SKIP: test_check_solution (ackrep_core.test.test_core.TestCases2)
-----
No Traceback
SkipTest: skipping slow test. Run with --include-slow
-----
7 tests run in 2.965 seconds.
1 skipped (6 tests passed)
Destroying test database for alias 'default'...
(base37) ✓ ~/projects/ackrep_repos/ackrep_core [main]✓
13:38 $
```

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- Triggered e. g. by a new commit to the main branch of a repo

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Research question:

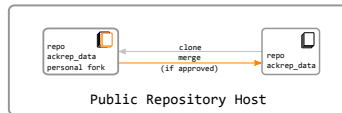
*What kind of science specific structure and functionality is suited to mitigate the reproducibility crisis?*

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- ✓ Existing Approaches
- ☐ **Our Approach**
- ☐ Implementation Status & Demo
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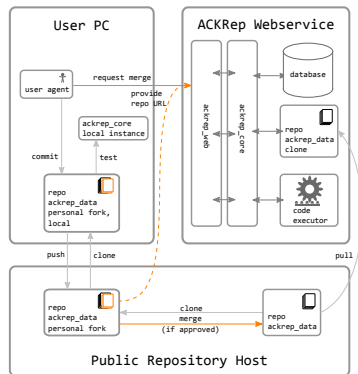
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- Establish a (canonical) repository for
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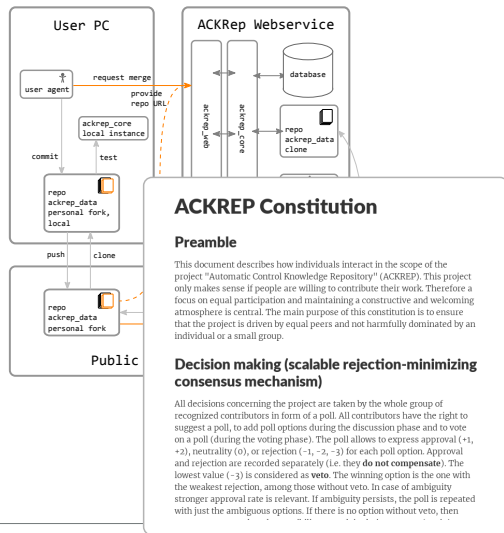
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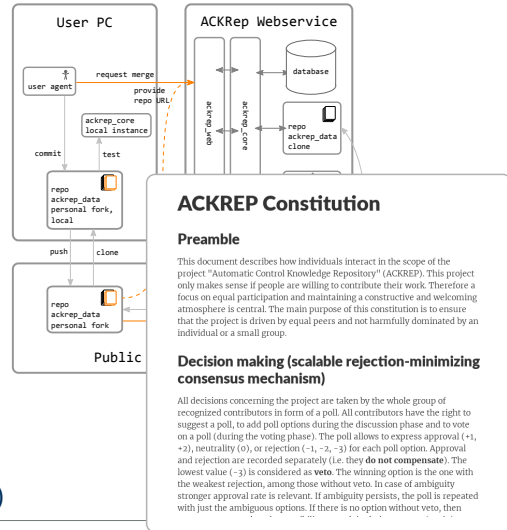
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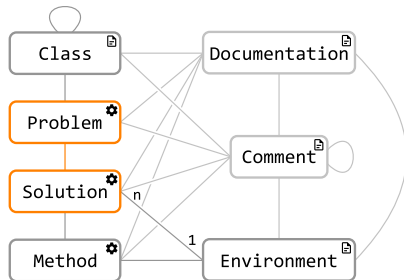
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- Working title:  
“Automatic Control Knowledge Repository” (ackrep)



# Proposed Repository Structure

Reproducibility → entity types:

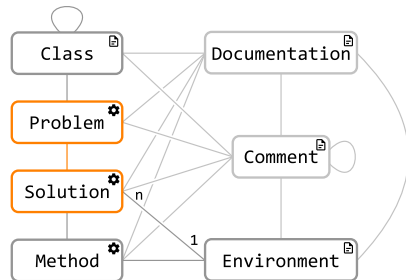




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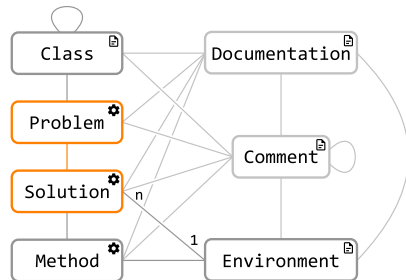
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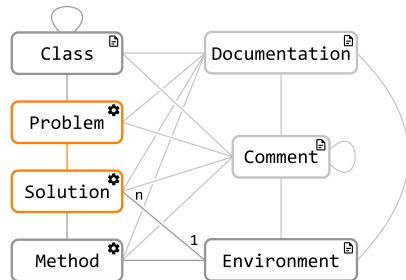
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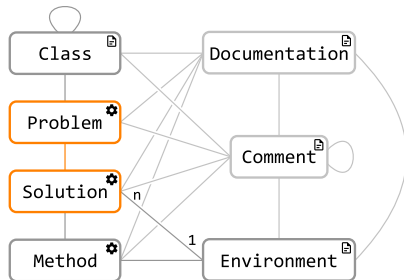
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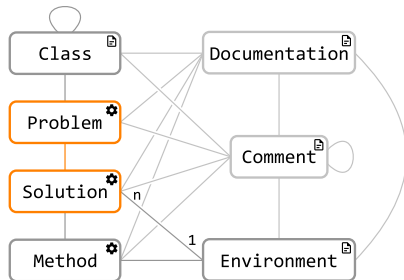
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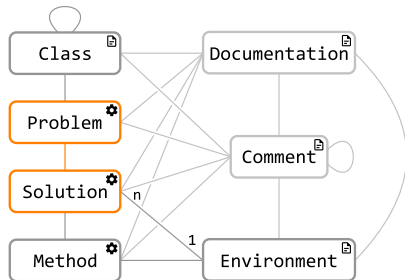
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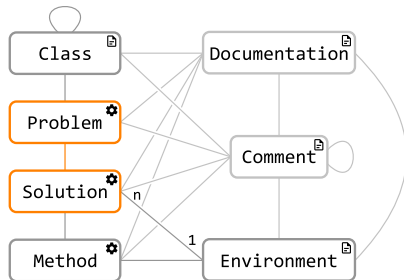
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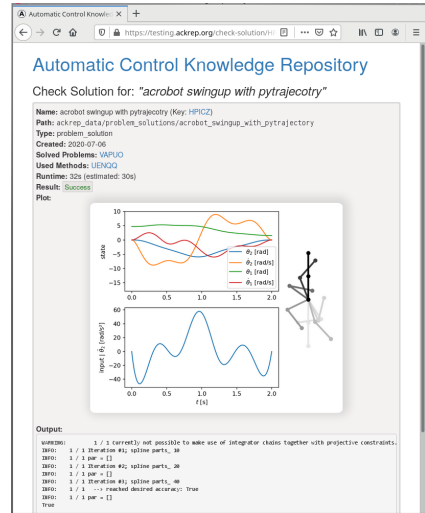


Entities:

- Identified via unique keys
- Stored in (text-based) files
- Managed via DVCS (git)
- Publicly hosted

# Supportive Webservice and Tools

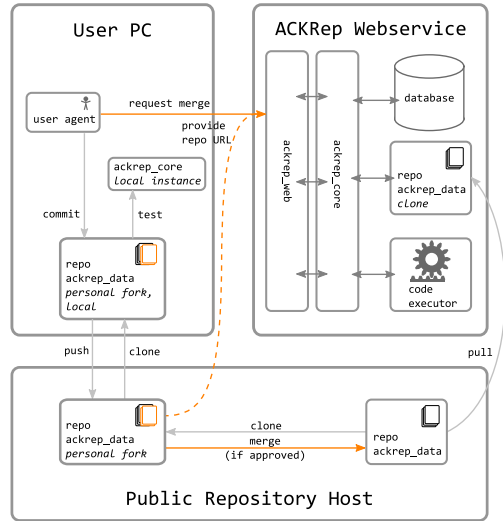
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- Tools:
  - Locally check entities
  - Support debugging process



# Self-Governance Rules

Canonical repository + webservice → central infrastructure

- Desirable: makes results/implementations easily findable
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- Solution approach: **peer-based decision making**

## ACKREP Constitution

### Preamble

This document describes how individuals interact in the scope of the project "Automatic Control Knowledge Repository" (ACKREP). This project only makes sense if people are willing to contribute their work. Therefore a focus on equal participation and maintaining a constructive and welcoming atmosphere is central. The main purpose of this constitution is to ensure that the project is driven by equal peers and not harmfully dominated by an individual or a small group.

### Decision making (scalable rejection-minimizing consensus mechanism)

All decisions concerning the project are taken by the whole group of recognized contributors in form of a poll. All contributors have the right to suggest a poll, to add poll options during the discussion phase and to vote on a poll (during the voting phase). The poll allows to express approval (+1, +2), neutrality (0), or rejection (-1, -2, -3) for each poll option. Approval and rejection are recorded separately (i.e. they **do not compensate**). The lowest value (-3) is considered as **veto**. The winning option is the one with the weakest rejection, among those without veto. In case of ambiguity stronger approval rate is relevant. If ambiguity persists, the poll is repeated with just the ambiguous options. If there is no option without veto, then

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  - ... about contributions (merge-requests)
  - ... about the rules themselves

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# Self-Governance Rules

Canonical repository + webservice → central infrastructure

- Desirable: makes results/implementations easily findable
- Problems: single point of failure
  - Technical: public repo or webservice could vanish  
↪ uncritical due to DVCS (open sources of data and software)
  - Personal: bad management (rejected merge-request etc.)
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  - ... about contributions (merge-requests)
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- Fallback option: *hard fork* of software and data (possible due to free license)

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# Outline

- ✓ Motivation: Reproducibility Challenge
- ✓ Existing Approaches
- ✓ Our Approach
- **Implementation Status & Demo**
- Conclusion & Outlook

# Current Implementation Status

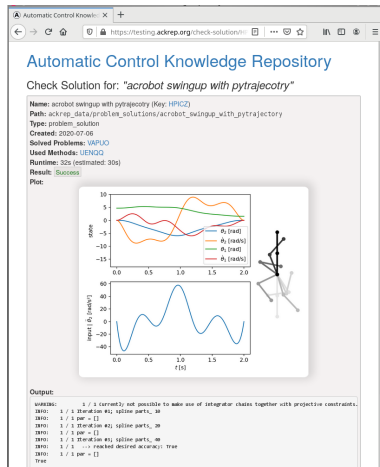
- $\exists$  `ackrep_core` (GPLv3)
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$\Rightarrow$  Early prototype, proof of concept

# Live Demonstration



<https://testing.ackrep.org>

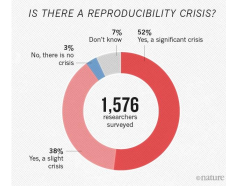
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# Conclusion & Outlook

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- Reproducibility of computational results is still an unsolved challenge

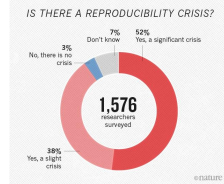




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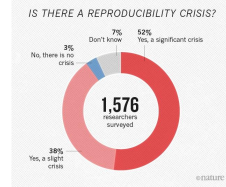
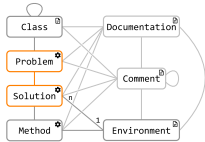
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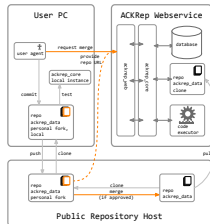
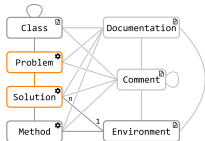
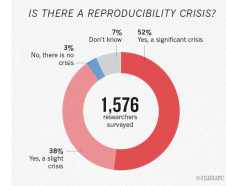
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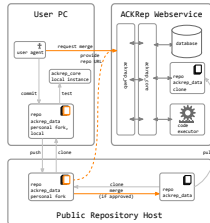
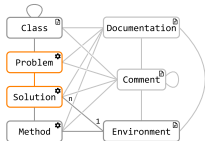
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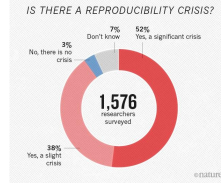
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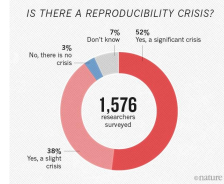
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- Incorporate feedback from potential users/contributors
  - <https://testing.ackrep.org> repository: [https://github.com/cknoll/ackrep\\_data](https://github.com/cknoll/ackrep_data)
  - Corresponding author: carsten.knoll@tu-dresden.de

